

General Maintenance & Care

It is important to erect your tent before its intended use, this will allow you to check that you have all the necessary parts and will help familiarise yourself with the product.

Weathering

It is important to erect your tent and allow it to get thoroughly wet (by rain water if possible) and allowed to dry naturally. This should be done 2-3 times to successfully weather your tent.

If this is not done then your tent may leak on its first use.

Waterproofing

All our tents are supplied as waterproof, however all tents have a maximum tolerance to water pressure and once this is exceeded water seepage can occur. During wet conditions try to prevent belongings/objects inside the tents from chaffing against the side of the fabric as this can allow water to seep in.

Additionally avoid leaving valuable items such as mobile phones or other electrical items at floor level overnight or during wet weather, so if leakage does occur your items will remain dry.

Condensation

Condensation can occur in any tent, but it is more likely to occur in nylon/polyester or non breathable cotton tents and should not be confused with a leaking tent.

Moisture held in the air can in certain conditions form beads of water when it comes into contact with a cold surface such as the outer skin of a tent.

It can be difficult to prevent condensation if you are in a damp or humid environment but many of our tents come with ventilation to combat this.

Mildew

Is a fungus that can attack the fabric of your tent if it is stored in wet or damp conditions. Eventually this can rot the fabric. To prevent this from happening fully erect any damp tents and leave them to dry as soon as you return from a trip.

Cleaning

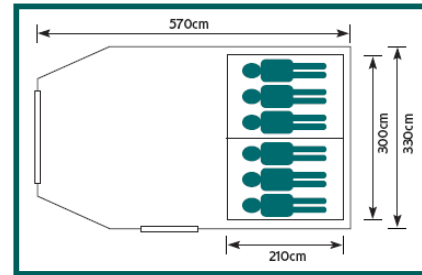
Dirt and stains can be removed by brushing with a mild pure soap solution. Never use detergents and do not scrub, Rinse well and fully dry before packing away.



Tampa 6 Tent Instructions

Your Tent should have:

- Flysheet with sewn in groundsheet
- Inner Tent
- 8 poles:
 - 2 long poles for forming the main dome (red poles)
 - 1 medium pole to form the porch area (yellow pole)
 - 1 medium pole to form the bedroom area
 - 1 shorter pole for the side door canopy
 - 1 thin fibre-glass pole with rounded edges for inside the tent
 - 2 steel canopy poles for door
- Tent Pegs



1. Assemble the poles and lay them out on the ground
2. Open out the flysheet and lay it out with the door pointed in the desired direction
3. Insert the red colour coded poles (main dome) through the corresponding coded sleeve on the flysheet (see fig.1), then insert the Porch and bedroom poles through their corresponding colour sleeves
4. Loosen any tension straps attached to the Ring & pin system.
5. On one side insert the metal pin from the ring and pin system into the bottom of the main body poles (see fig.2). Make sure poles locate into correct pin system (all poles follow corresponding flysheet seams to pin system)
6. Push these poles into an arch from the opposite ends and locate pole ends into corresponding metal pin. To avoid excess strain on poles and tent material, it is advisable to have assistance to hold these poles upright when forming the dome.
7. Repeat steps 5 and 6 for the Bedroom and porch area poles.
8. Tighten all the tensions straps at the base of the poles and clip all flysheet pole clips onto poles (see fig.3).
9. Start pegging out the tent at the back corners using the pegs supplied.
 - a. Pegs should be positioned at a 45° angle to ensure maximum grip (see fig.4).
10. Pull the tent forwards until taut and peg out the corners at the front of the tent. Ensure that the sides and rear of the tent form straight lines and the groundsheet is flat and wrinkle free. At this stage, re-peg any corners where the groundsheet may be created.
11. Peg out the remaining poles and pegging points and peg out ALL guy lines at 45° angle from the tent
12. To hang the inner tent start at the back and connect the rear floor clips to the loops attached to the groundsheet. Work up the inner tent connecting all the rear connectors, then connect the front tension straps and connectors. (Several of the clips should be colour coded to help identify the correct position)
13. Locate the pockets either side of the front of the bedroom and insert the thin fibreglass pole and tie in place.

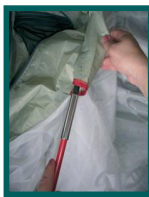


Fig 1



Fig 2



Fig 3



Fig 4